## Immunizations and Developmental Milestones for Your Child from Birth Through 6 Years Old

Child's Name

Birth Date

		Birth	<b>1</b> MONTH	<b>2</b> MONTHS	<b>4</b> MONTHS	<b>6</b> Months
Re	Hepatitis B	<b>О</b> НерВ	○HepB¹			<b>ОНерВ</b>
Recommended Immunizations	Rotavirus			ORV	ORV	○RV
	Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis			ОТаР	<b>○DTaP</b>	<b>○DTaP</b>
	Haemophilus influenzae type b			OHib	OHib	OHib
	Pneumococcal			○PCV	<b>○PCV</b>	○PCV
	Inactivated Poliovirus			OIPV	<b>OIPV</b>	OIPV
	Influenza (Flu)					OInfluenza, first dose <sup>2</sup> Osecond dose
Milestones*	Milestones should be achieved by the end of the age indicated. Talk to your child's doctor about age-appropriate milestones if your child was born prematurely.	Recognizes caregiver's voice Turns head toward breast or bottle Communicates through body language, fussing or crying	Starts to smile Raises head when on tummy Calms down when rocked, cradled or sung to	Begins to smile at people Coos, makes gurgling sounds Begins to follow things with eyes Can hold head up	Babbles with expression Likes to play with people Reaches for toy with one hand Brings hands to mouth	Knows familiar faces Responds to own name Brings things to mouth Rolls over in both directions
Growth	At each well child visit, enter date, length, weight, and percentile information to keep track of your child's progress.	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE LENGTH / PERCENTILE	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE LENGTH / PERCENTILE	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE LENGTH / PERCENTILE	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE LENGTH / PERCENTILE	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE LENGTH / PERCENTILE
		HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE	HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE	HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE	HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE	HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE
	Shaded boxes indicate the vaccine can be given during shown age range.	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The second dose of HepB may be given either at the 1 month or 2 month visit.

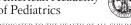
If your child has any medical conditions that put him at risk for infections or is traveling outside the United States, talk to your child's doctor about additional vaccines that he may need.



**U.S. Department of Health and Human Services** Centers for Disease **Control and Prevention** 



American Academy of Pediatrics



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Two doses given at least four weeks apart are recommended for children aged 6 months through 8 years of age who are getting a flu vaccine for the first time and for some other children in this age group.

<sup>\*</sup> Milestones adapted from Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children, and Adolescents Third Edition, edited by Joseph Hagan, Jr., Judith S. Shaw, and Paula M. Duncan, 2008, Elk Grove Village, IL: American Academy of Pediatrics.

## Immunizations and Developmental Milestones for Your Child from Birth Through 6 Years Old

Child's Name Birth Date

		12 MONTHS	15 MONTHS	18 MONTHS	<b>19–23</b> MONTHS	2-3 YEARS	4-6 YEARS
Recommended Immunizations	Hepatitis B	○ <b>HepB</b> (Final dose administ	ered between 6 and 18 mc	nths)			
	Diphtheria, Tetanus, Pertussis		<b>○DTaP</b>				<b>○DTaP</b>
	Haemophilus influenzae type b	<b>○</b> Hib					
	Pneumococcal	<b>○PCV</b>					
	Inactivated Poliovirus	OIPV					○IPV
	Influenza (Flu)	Influenza, first dose <sup>2</sup> Second dose (if needed)		Age Age 2 3  Influenza, first dose <sup>2</sup> Second dose (if needed)	Age Age Age 4 5 6  Oolnfluenza, first dose <sup>2</sup> Oolsecond dose (if needed)		
	Measles, Mumps, Rubella	<b>○MMR</b>					OMMR
	Varicella	<b>○ Varicella</b>					<b>○Varicella</b>
S	Hepatitis A	OO Hep A <sup>3</sup>					
Milestones*	Milestones should be achieved by the end of the age indicated. Talk to your child's doctor about age-appropriate milestones if your child was born prematurely.	Cries when mom or dad leaves Says "mama" and "dada" Copies gestures (for example, waves "bye bye") May stand alone	Imitates what you are doing Obrinks from a cup Scribbles on his own Walks well	Points to show others something interesting Says several single words Points to one body part May walk up steps and run	Plays mainly beside other children Follows two-step commands Plays simple makebelieve games Throws ball overhand	Can name most familiar things Shows affection for friends without prompting Turns book pages one at a time Kicks a ball	Speaks very clearly Tells stories Can print some letters or numbers Hops; may be able to skip
Growth	At each well child visit, enter date, length, weight, and percentile information to keep track of your child's progress.	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE  LENGTH / PERCENTILE  HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE  LENGTH / PERCENTILE  HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE  LENGTH / PERCENTILE  HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE	WEIGHT / PERCENTILE  LENGTH / PERCENTILE  HEAD CIRCUMFERENCE	WEIGHT HEIGHT BMI	WEIGHT HEIGHT BMI
	Shaded boxes indicate the vaccine can be given during shown age range.	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE	VISIT DATE

<sup>\*</sup> Milestones adapted from Bright Futures: Guidelines for Health Supervision of Infants, Children, and Adolescents Third Edition, edited by Joseph Hagan, Jr., Judith S. Shaw, and Paula M. Duncan, 2008, Elk Grove Village, IL: American Academy of Pediatrics. If your child has any medical conditions that put him at risk for infections or is traveling outside the United States, talk to your child's doctor about additional vaccines that he may need.



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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Two doses given at least four weeks apart are recommended for children aged 6 months through 8 years of age who are getting a flu vaccine for the first time and for some other children in this age group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Two doses of HepA vaccine are needed for lasting protection. The first dose of HepA vaccine should be given between 12 months and 23 months of age. The second dose should be given 6 to 18 months later. HepA vaccination may be given to any child 12 months and older to protect against HepA. Children and adolescents who did not receive the HepA vaccine and are at high-risk, should be vaccinated against HepA.