

## Picky Eaters & How to Handle Them

## **Normal Behaviors:**

- Can't sit still (for very long)
- Plays with their food (makes a mess)
- Refuses to try new foods (wants same food all the time)
- Refuses to eat
- · Wants to feed self
- Eats a lot one day & not much the next

- Wants something else (than what is served)
- Wants food a certain way (not touching, cut a certain way)
- Likes a food one day and not the next
- Turns head, pushes spoon away, cries, makes faces (baby)

## Children behave these ways because they are:

- Learning about their world,
- Testing their limits
- O Trying to be independent
- O Developing muscle coordination so often messy with food.

- Playing with food might mean they are done eating.
- Babies behave these ways when they are full or deciding if they like the new food.

## **Ways to Manage Behaviors:**

- 1. What to serve:
- Parent decides what healthy foods to serve.
- Don't be a short order cook.
- Offer one well liked food per meal.
- Child decides how much small servings. Don't force/bribe.
- 2. When to serve it:
- Have a routine of meals and snacks, about every 2-3 hours so child knows when to expect to eat.
- Avoid snacks and drinks too close to mealtime.
- Bottle/cup all day-takes appetite.
- Infants should be fed on demand; starts to change around 1 year of age.
- 3. Where to eat:
- Avoid distraction (TV, toys).
- In a high chair or at the table.
- Transition time (music, story, set the table or help food preparation activities).
- 4. Whether or not to eat:
- OK to skip meal; make up for it at the next meal.
- After 1 year old, appetite decreases because rate of growth decreases
- New foods: may need to try a new food 10x+ before accepting; encourage but don't force, OK to try and remove food from mouth

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