

## <u>Pre-and Post Op "Lump & Bump" Surgery Instructions</u>

## Prior to your operation:

- 1. No special dietary changes are needed prior to the surgery. It is recommended to eat lightly a day before and do not eat or drink anything after midnight the night before surgery except your medications with a sip of water.
- 2. All aspirin and aspirin like drugs (ibuprofen (Motrin, Advil), Aleve, Indomethacin) must be stopped 7-10 days prior to surgery. Please make sure your surgeon is aware of any other blood thinning medicines such as Plavix, Coumadin or over the counter supplements such as fish oil and garlic. In general, avoid all herbal type supplements for the few weeks before surgery.
- 3. Do not shave on or near your surgical site. We will do it for you on the day of surgery.

## Day of the Surgery:

- 4. You are not to eat or drink anything after midnight the day prior to your surgery. If you are on regular medications like blood pressure medicines, you should take these with a sip of water only. Please do not take oral diabetes medicines and talk with your primary care doctor as to how much insulin you should take if you are on insulin.
- 5. You are to come to the facility at the designated time to be prepared for surgery. You will have a chance to meet with your surgeon in the holding area prior to the surgery.

## Post-OP Instructions and Care:

- 6. The incisions will be closed with either staples or sutures (covered with glue or steri-strips). In either case, leave the outer most dressing for 24 hours. It will be very helpful if you keep an icepack on it as much as possible for the first 24-48 hours. After that, heat pads will be helpful. Don't burn yourself!!
- 7. If there is glue or steri-strips (butterfly strips), expect that they will fall off on their own, but if they remain after 8-10 days, you may remove them. They are easiest to remove in the shower. Don't touch any staples. We will remove them in office.



- 8. If you do not have a drain after your surgery, you may shower two days after your surgery once the outer dressing has been removed. Do not soak in a tub or go to a pool or jacuzzi etc. If you have a drain after the operation, you need to protect the site from water and then can shower.
- 9. Swelling or bruising may occur after all surgeries. You are to contact your surgeon if the swelling continues to worsen within the first few days or if you notice increasing redness.
- 10. There are no true dietary restrictions after the surgery.
- 11. Everyone will be given a prescription for pain medication and stool softeners to take after the operation. The prescription can be requested prior to surgery so that you have it at home after your operation. The medication is usually a narcotic and can cause some constipation. We usually recommend taking a stool softener with the narcotic to help with this. Some examples are Colace. You may also take ibuprofen (if this does not upset your stomach) or Tylenol if you do not need something as strong as the narcotics, or even as an adjunct to them. We recommend switching to a combination of Ibuprofen and Tylenol as soon as possible. Please note that the narcotic prescription WILL NOT be refilled without an office visit.
- 12. You can resume all normal activity unless the surgery site hurts you, which means your body is telling you not to pursue it any further.
- 13. Most patients will be given an appointment to follow-up in the office after surgery, when they are given their surgery date. If you were not given an appointment, please call the office to make one for 10-14 days after the surgery; earlier if you have a serious concern. The office number is (805) 379-9796.
- 14. There is a physician on call for you 24 hours a day. In case of an emergency, such as chest pain or shortness of breath or passing out, you should call 911. You should notify your surgeon if:
  - i. You have fever over 101 degrees F
  - ii. You have worsening pain, not relieved with the pain medications
  - iii. You have nausea or vomiting that persists
  - iv. You have redness around the incisions that is worsening or drainage from the incisions