Viberzi

(eluxadoline)

IBS-D

Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Diarrhea

Taking VIBERZI every day may help you proactively manage your symptoms of Irritable Bowel Syndrome with Diarrhea (IBS-D). VIBERZI has been shown to relieve the 2 main symptoms of IBS-D at the same time:

- 1. Reduces diarrhea
- 2. Reduces abdominal pain

VIBERZI is 1 tablet, taken 2 times each day with food. It comes in two different milligrams 75 and 100. Take 1 tablet in the morning and 1 tablet in the evening.





Common Side Effects Include

Serious Side Effect Include

- Constipation
- Nausea
- Abdominal pain

Stop taking Viberzi and call $\mbox{\rm Dr}$ Dave If you have constipation lasting more than 4 days.

- A spasm in a muscle of the digestive system (called the sphincter of Oddi), which may cause new or worsening abdominal pain. Your risk of having a spasm is increased if you do not have a gallbladder. This spasm usually happens within the first week of treatment and usually goes away when treatment is stopped.
- Inflammation of the pancreas (called pancreatitis). Symptoms of pancreatitis usually go away when treatment with VIBERZI is stopped. Four risk of getting pancreatitis is increased if you drink more than 3 alcoholic drinks a day. Limit your use of alcoholic drinks while you are taking VIBERZI. We recommend avoid alcohol totally.

Stop taking VIBERZI and Dr. Dave if you have new or worsening stomacharea (abdomen) pain or pain in the upper right side of your stomacharea (abdomen) that may move to your back or shoulder, with or without nausea and vomiting.

If you are taking VIBERZI, you should not take medicines that cause constipation, including:

- Lotronex® (alosetron)
- Anticholinergic medicines
- Opioid pain medicines

Ask your pharmacist for a list of these medicines if you are not sure.

You may take loperamide (ie, Imodium®) occasionally to treat severe diarrhea, but avoid long-term use. Stop taking loperamide right away if you become constipated.

Do not take Viberzi if you:

- Have or had a blockage in your gallbladder or a sphincter of Oddi problem
- Have or had problems with alcohol abuse, alcohol addiction, or drink more than 3 alcoholic drinks a day
- Have had inflammation of your pancreas (pancreatitis) or other pancreas problems, including if you have had or may have had a blockage in your pancreas
- Have severe liver problems
- Have had long-lasting (chronic) or severe constipation, or problems caused by constipation
- Have or may have had a bowel blockage (intestinal obstruction)

Please inform Dr. Dave if you do not have you gallbladder, have liver problems, if you are pregnant or planning to become pregnant, breast feeding or plan to breast feed. Viberzi does pass in breast milk and could harm your baby.